

# Circular Business Models from the Client's perspective

RISE Circular Business Lab

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**Josefina Sallén:**  
Transition to  
sustainable and  
profitable business  
models



RI.  
SE

Superpower:  
Talk into action

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SE



# Today

1. Why is circular economy important? Why now?
2. -Resources will be the new Black  
☺ Not a question of if but how
3. (Climate, supply, digi/AI, legal)
4. What is it? AND what is a circular business model? And why is that important?
5. Value preservation. The CBM create, capture and preserve value. A shift of focus fo after the X.
6. And why is it relevant to be a "circular client"?



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45%

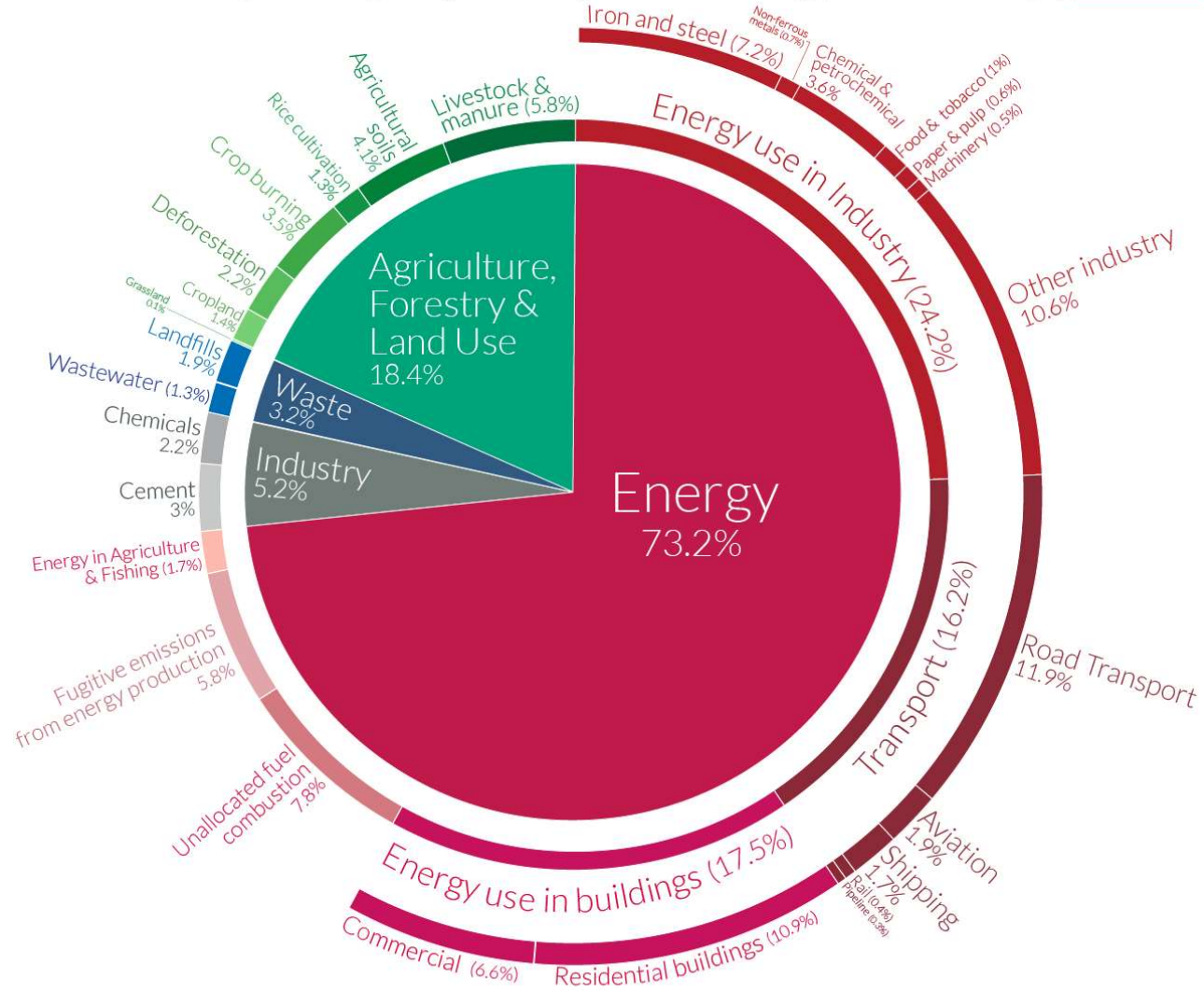


55%

# Global greenhouse gas emissions by sector



This is shown for the year 2016 – global greenhouse gas emissions were 49.4 billion tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>eq.



OurWorldinData.org – Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems.

Source: Climate Watch, the World Resources Institute (2020).

Licensed under CC-BY by the author Hannah Ritchie (2020).

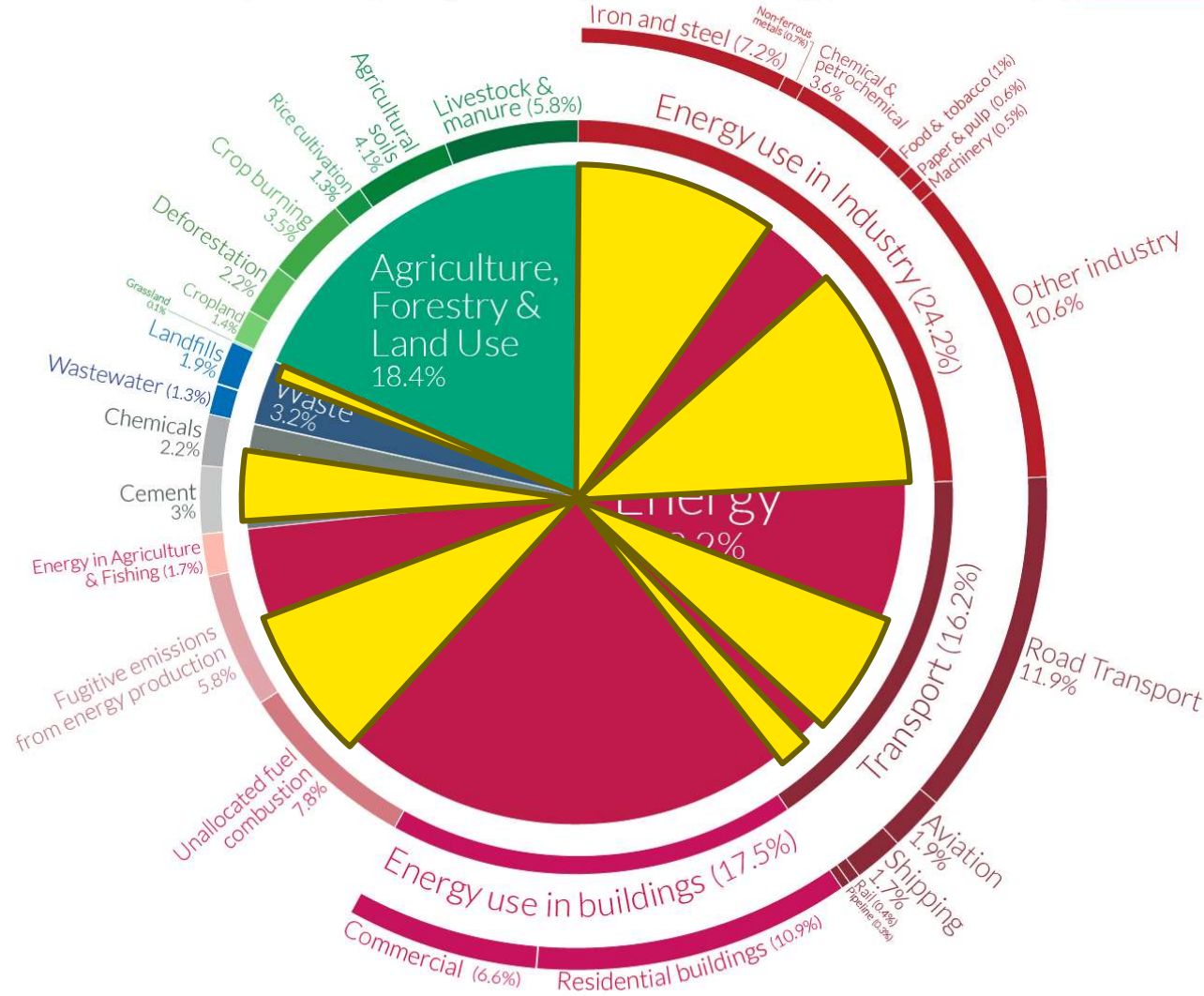




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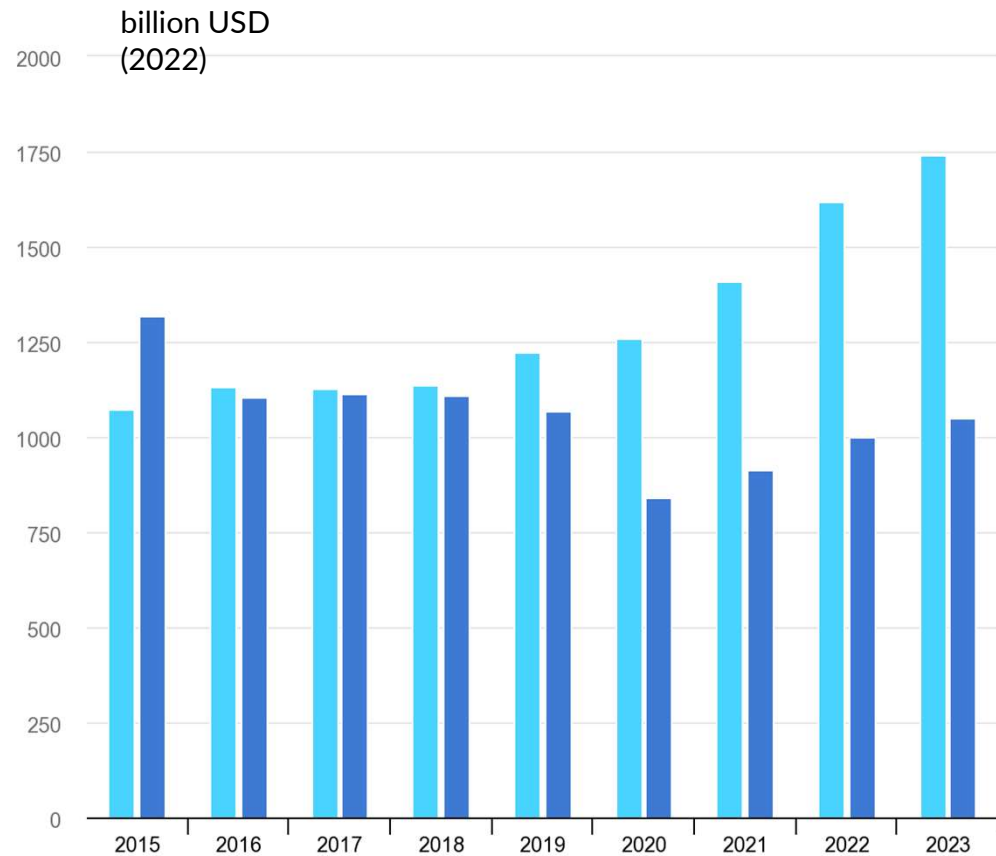


Half is energy embedded in physical artifacts = products

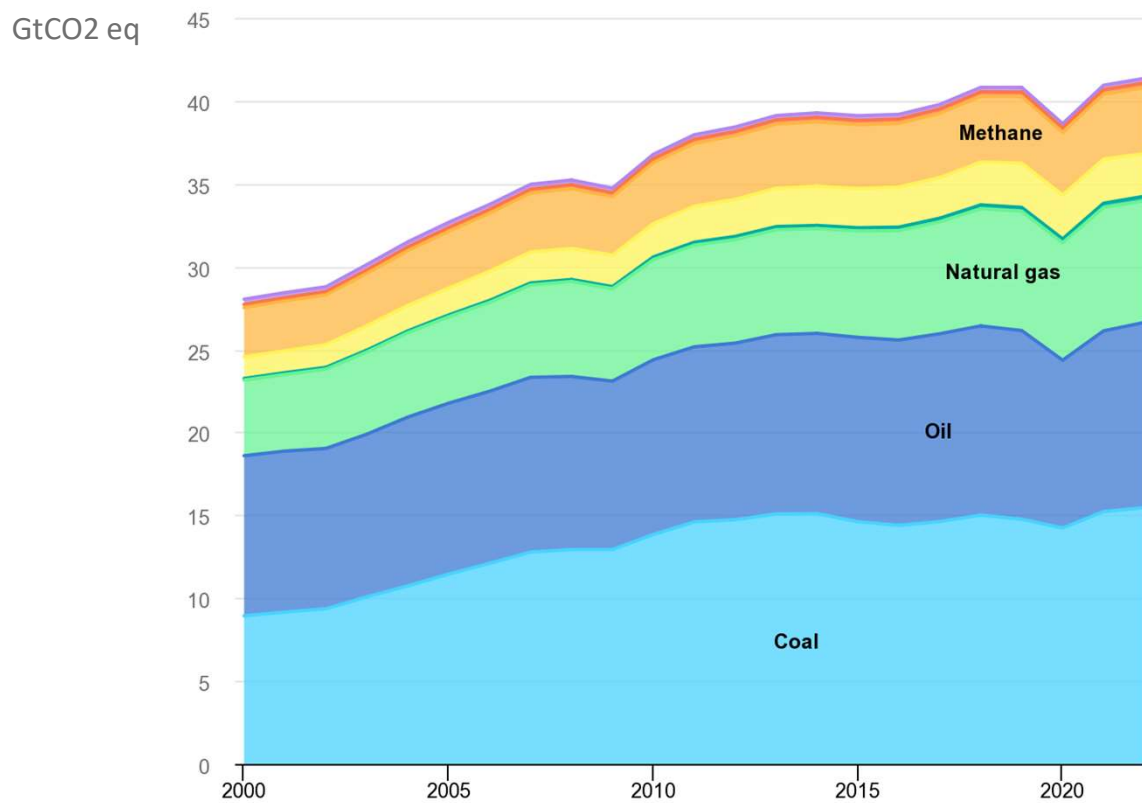
# Global investments in clean energy surpasses the ones in fossil fuels since 8 years

IEA, Global energy investment in clean energy and in fossil fuels, 2015-2023, IEA, Paris <https://www.iea.org/data-and-statistics/charts/global-energy-investment-in-clean-energy-and-in-fossil-fuels-2015-2023>, IEA. Licence: CC BY 4.0

● Clean energy ● Fossil fuels



# Despite 10 000 billion USD investments, during the past 8 years, GHG emissions continue to increase



IEA, Global energy-related greenhouse gas emissions, 2000-2022, IEA, Paris  
<https://www.iea.org/data-and-statistics/charts/global-energy-related-greenhouse-gas-emissions-2000-2022>, IEA.  
Licence: CC BY 4.0



# A look at resource usage

# The triple planetary crisis

55% GHG

40% particle emissions

90% loss of biodiversity

Extraction of resources 3X since 1970...



...while productivity is on a constant level







8



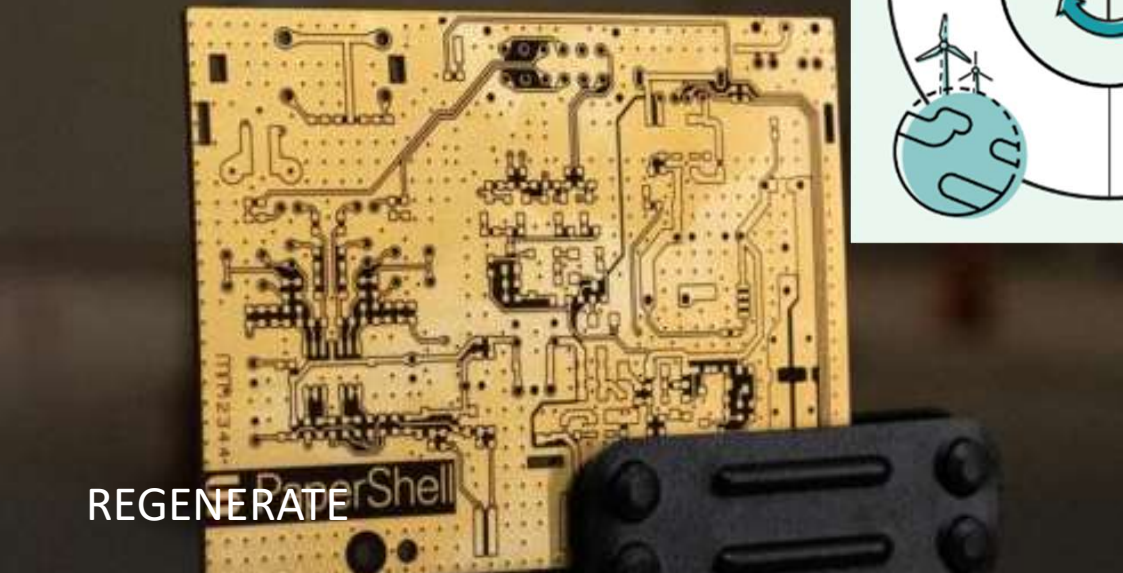
AI/digitalisation

Resilience

Regulations



# Value preservation



# Airconditioning – an illustration on how we use the world's resources

- By 2050, it is expected that there will be 1 billion air conditioning units in India alone. Worldwide installations could increase from 2 to 6 billion.
- Fans and air conditioning account for 20% of global electricity consumption, with Mumbai at 40%.
- Air conditioning is responsible for 9% of global GHG emissions – today.
- These systems often underperform due to poor management, with a global average of 20-40%.
- Not unusual with 35-50% of installations never used because the need was overestimated.

*Climate change, increased prosperity, and poor use of IoT/AI for management and forecasting lead to drastically poor resource utilization and strain on global resources.*

Source: IEA, EMF, INSEAD

# A circular business model

Generates revenue through preserving value over time, and encourage high usage of the resources

Eg PAAS, take-back, subscription, sharing

# From the client's perspective





# Simplicity

- Hassle free ownership
- Service offering better, easier, better organised (because the company owning the product WANT it to be served and WANT the interaction with the user)



# Down time reduction

- Key components
- Data collection and advanced analysis
- Close collaboration



# Flexibility

- Modifications over time
- Technical development over time
- Variation in need/use over time eg seasonal variations



## Short contracts

- Subcontractors that have contracts that might alter over time
- Need to move equipment around
- Varying volumes of equipment required



## Avoid investment – Capex to Opex

- Limited access to financing
- Targets
- Reduce balance sheet
- Access – not possible to buy



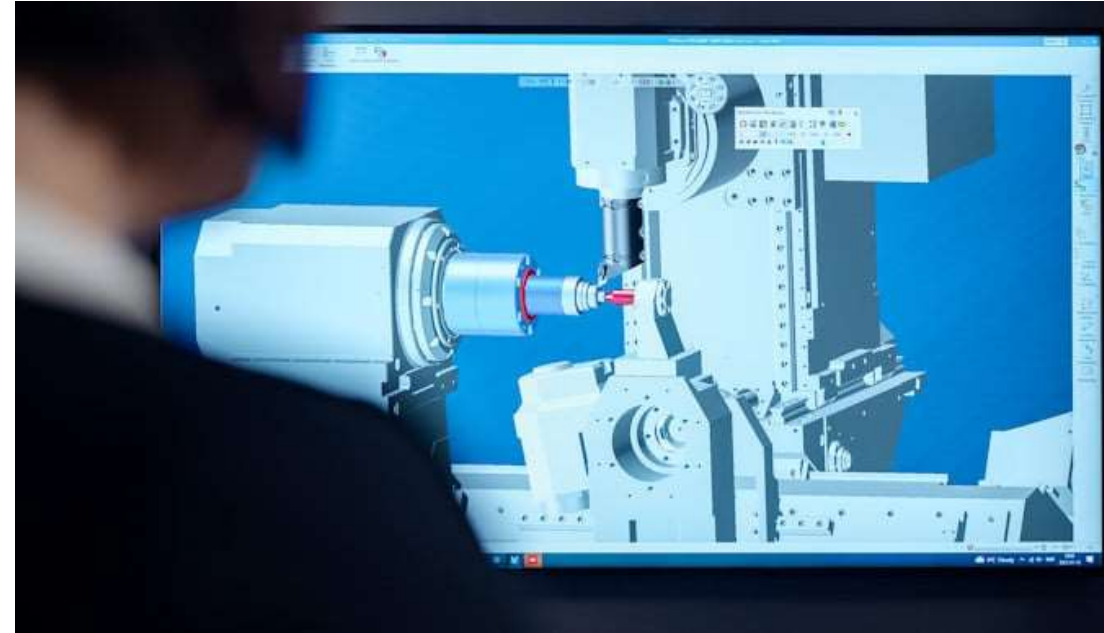
## Innovations and new technology

- Risk reduction with possible fast development
- Test new usage and surrounding work procedures



# Usage optimisation

- Data collection
- Adaptive learning over time for optimised usage



# Some examples of successful circular business models



Kompressorers som tjänst



# M-Use

- Elevator as a service
- Replace the initial high investment cost with a defined running annual fee
- Reduced risk for high renovation costs



90% cirkularitet som mål  
Skärstål som tjänst



# Philips

## 25% of revenues from circular offerings 2025

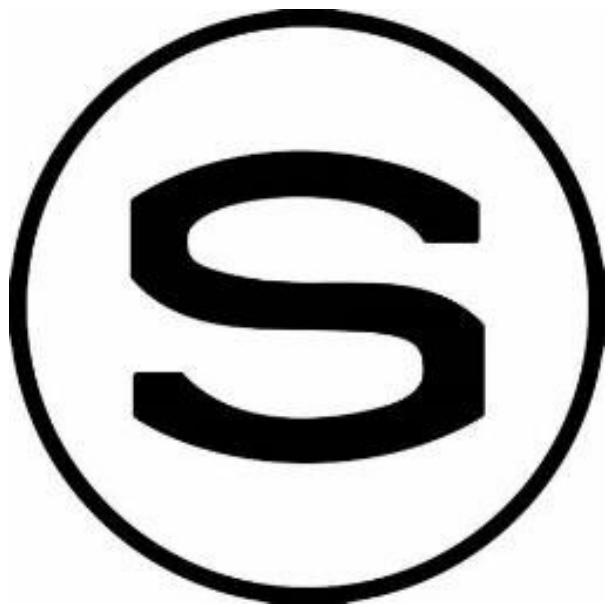
### Our ambitious circular economy objectives for 2025

We have set ourselves a number of challenging targets for 2025

- Generate 25% of our revenue from circular products, services and solutions
- Close the loop by offering a trade-in on all professional medical equipment, and taking care of responsible repurposing.<sup>1</sup>
- Further embed circular practices at our sites<sup>2</sup> and send zero waste to landfill



# Sustainable coffee machines - Scanomatic



**Umeslöp – Subscriptions  
of long lasting high  
quality horse carriages**



**Allomeera**

Truck as a service



# When to go for a circular offer – pay for value

## **Flexibility**

- Modifications over time
- Technical development over time
- Variation in need/use over time eg seasonal variations

## **Hassle-free**

- Service, support etc included
- Modify when needed

## **New technology/innovation**

- Risk reduction in uncertainties eg fast product development
- Test/try out solution

## **From Capex to Opex**

- If you can not afford the investment to buy eg equipment, apartment, car

## **Optimised use**

- When data of usage is captured and the equipment can be optimised for the use



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